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HARDY NURSERY & SEED COMPANY
Growers of High Grade Nursery Stock
Selected Seeds    Landscape Architects
KANSAS CITY,
MISSOURI

ST. REGIS RED RASPBERRIES
KIEFFER PEAR
MONTMORENCY CHERRIES
WINESAP APPLE
ELBERTA PEACH
GOLDEN WINESAP

The new apple is the most promising apple offered in the past twenty years. No apple since the advent of the Delicious has made such an impression on the large apple buyers.

Specimens of the fruit was sent to all of the highest horticultural authorities over the country, and they unanimously recommended it. It is a seedling of the Old Winesap, but a beautiful Golden Yellow with a deep red blush; many specimens from the original tree were 4 to 4½ inches in diameter.

A BEAUTIFUL APPLE—It much resembles the Winter Banana in appearance and beauty, but much better quality. Imagine the juicy flavor of the Jonathan, the satisfying meatiness of the Old Winesap, the splendid quality of the old Bellflower, with all the beauty of the Winter Banana, with its rich golden color, and wonderful coloring of deep rich red, added to it the wonderful keeping qualities of the good old Ben Davis, then you have a good picture of the splendid new Apple.

THIS APPLE IS NO EXPERIMENT—It has been tested and is now grown by nearly every Experimental Station in every state in the Union. It has been tested and is recommended by all the leading horticulturists and large apple growers. They are planting it because they believe in it. It has quality that ranks right up with the very best apples in the land. It has beauty unsurpassed by any apple. It has uniformity in size that apple buyers want. It has keeping qualities as good as the best. The tree is a fine healthy grower, and an early and abundant bearer. A splendid orchard tree.

2 Year Old Strong Root Systems.

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1 Year Old Standard Varieties.

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PEDIgreed Winfield Stayman

A superior strain of Stayman Winesap. Large, uniform, roundish shape; skin smooth, rather tough, thick, green, becoming yellowish, often nearly covered with dull mixed red; flesh firm, moderately tender, moderately crisp, juicy, aromatic, sprightly, pleasant to sub-acid. Late in December or the first of January this apple is beyond question the peer of all other apples for quality, its rich meat, almost old gold in color, a most delicious, delightful delicacy—having a flavor far superior to Delicious. A fine shipping apple; can be hauled long distances without spoiling. Bears young, bears big crops every year. Resists drought. Thrives well on thin soil where other apples fail. Brings good prices. Be sure to order a few Winfield Stayman. Price same as Golden Winesap.
WINFIELD RASPBERRY

This grand new blackcap originated at Winfield, Kansas, and after ten years of testing has proved itself the "King of Blackcaps." In hardiness and productiveness it is unsurpassed by any other variety. It has never winter-killed through ten seasons fruiting, and stands extreme droughts.

The fruit is of enormous size - single berries often covering a quarter. Four to six great clusters are produced on each cane, averaging from three to six quarts to the plant. Fruit is firm, sweet, rich and juicy; seeds very small, fine flavor.

Bush is healthy and vigorous, making robust, stocky canes, easily supporting their heavy loads. Not troubled with rust or anthracnose. Ripens ten days earlier than Kansas and continues until Kansas is gone. Succeeds on all soils.

Its firmness and size makes it unsurpassed for market. Readily brings 5c to $1.00 a crate more than other blackcaps. Easily nets $300 to $500 an acre. The one sure Raspberry for you to plant. Prices, 2 year Transplants: Each, 25c; 25, $3.00; 100, $8.50.

DON'T FAIL TO PLANT WINFIELD RASPBERRY

Most Profitable Market Berry. "Four years ago I became interested in the Winfield Raspberry and planted three rows, each 100 feet long. The first crop was 240 quarts. Each season has brought bigger crops, so I have increased my plant each year."

COMPASS CHERRY-PLUM

We have never been able to supply the demand for Compass Cherry-Plum. Better get your order in early for this wondererful cherry.

This Cherry was originated at Springfield, Minnesota. It is a cross between a Sand Cherry and a Minor Plum. Nearly an inch in diameter—a bright red, sweet, juicy and a fine flavor. Hardy from Dakota to Texas. Absolutely frost-proof produces fruit the next year after setting—of great value for the Northern sections and the Great Plains region, where few Cherry and Plum thrive. Be sure to include a few Compass Cherry in your order.

Direct to Planter Prices. Compass Cherry.
Grade. Each. 10 100
2 to 3 ft. 45c 4.00 37.50
3 to 4 ft. 80c 5.50 50.00
4 to 5 ft. 75c 6.50 60.00

Four Crops in Five Years—freeze in 1914, resulting in 1916, five-year-old trees averaged over
three crates to the tree. The fruit is exceptionally fine for
canning and jellies.

The Compass Cherry, with its ironclad hardiness, early bearing, regular and enormous crops, deserves a place in every home orchard, and for
local market it will prove a quick and sure money-maker.

The supply is limited, so order early and be the first in your community to reap the profits from the Compass Cherry.

The Compass Cherry-Plum demands the highest prices on the market.

The Compass Cherry-Plum Trees which I purchased from you last Spring were fine. The root systems were simply grand, but the best of all is that they have set over a quart of fruit this season and I am well pleased with them. The trees have made a fine growth in spite of the dry weather. They are the talk of the town. —Troy, Kansas.

Maybe you would like to know about some of the trees which you sent me last spring. They all grew and are doing exceptionally well. The Compass Cherry Trees had quite a lot of the fine fruit on them this season. The fruit is liked so well and the trees bear so heavily when young that I am sure it is the profit maker. It is the best of all of the newly developed fruits.—Ridgeway, Mo.
Here's the Proof

160 Peaches the Second Year.—"Seven or eight Japan Peach planted two years ago bore this year, and they were beautiful. Fruit ripe July 4th. Every peach perfect. One tree had 160 peaches. Some of my neighbors saw it and said it beat anything they ever saw. All ate some of the fruit and want some of the trees."—J. R. Smith, Missouri.

Bushel a Tree Third Year.—"I have four trees of the Japan Peach. Got one bushel of peaches from each tree. They are excellent—nice red to the pit. They are three years old, but bore some the next year after I got them."—Mrs. Brockman, Oklahoma.

Hardy in Massachusetts.—"My Japan Dream Peach tree netted me six peaches the first summer. The third year brought two bushels at one picking, with an extra bushel picked from time to time."—A. M. Miller, Massachusetts.

High Prices for Japanese While Others Go Begging.—"Had a nice crop of Japanese Peaches last summer. When local market was full of Greensboro and selling for 75c a bushel, Japanese sold in one day for $1.25, and several purchasers wired for more, although the severe drought caused them to be only medium sized. Trees were so full that I thinned off half or more."—I. L. Craven, 2nd year seedling, White Deer, North Carolina.

You Can't Go It Alone.—"I grew one of your Japan Dream Peaches 2 years ago this spring and produced a peck of peaches last season."—J. Monroe, Boltown, Indiana.

Over 2 Bushels a Tree Third Year.—"Four years ago this spring I planted four Japan Peaches, and the second year they yielded three bushels of fine fruit. The third year I got seven bushels. They are loaded with buds now."

Can't Make It a Close Shave.—"I never saw anything in the way of peach tree that had the fruit buds that the Japan Peach had. Instead of giving it a 'hair cut' (as the boys expressed the trimming of the small twigs and limbs) we had to give it a 'close shave' in order to get it down to its real fruiting capacity."—Elva C. Barrows, Oklahoma.

**PRICES JAPAN DREAM PEACH**

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It Pays to buy

**Hardy Seeds**

Japan Peach a Wonder.—"The five Japan Peach are a wonder. They are fine shaped and looked like pot plants all summer. In November, when I gave them a dormant spray, I found them literally covered with fruit buds."—Ell Foorman, Indiana.

Making Good in North Carolina.—"I must not fail to tell how nicely the Japan Peach has made good. The little limbs are full of fruit buds. It's the boldest, chunkiest peach tree, for the chance it has, I ever saw."—J. B. Osborne, North Carolina.

Size.—Medium to large. Sets fruit as thick as cherries and must be well thinned to keep from overbearing.

Color.—Attractive red in color, meat is deep, rich red, clear to pit when ripe. No other peach like it.

Flavor.—Has a delightful flavor and aroma, which makes it a favorite with the housewife.

Young Bearing.—Just think of a tree maturing 44 perfect peaches in four months after planting, 150 peaches 15 months after planting. These are actual results. Japan bears fruit younger and in larger quantities than any peach on record. Trees three feet or larger; will bear next year after planting unless tree or fruit is injured.

Adaptability.—Bearing successfully from New Jersey to California. Adapted to all peach sections.

Hardiness.—Tested and proved hardy from Massachusetts to Texas. Withstands low temperature. An Iowa customer says: "We had the pleasure of eating Japan peaches last summer after the thermometer stood 10 degrees below zero in March." It's safe to plant wherever peaches grow.

Canning.—Its rich, red color and delightful flavor make it one of the most desirable peaches for canning. Doesn't get mushy like other peaches. Hundreds of our customers prefer it to all other varieties.

Profits.—Has no equal as a profitmaker for home markets. Ripens when good peaches are scarce—at least 40 days before Elberta. Brings good prices when other varieties are being grown. One acre paid $100 twenty-five months after planting.
TO OUR CUSTOMERS:

We admit that the past year has put the gray hairs in our heads. The American farmer has actually lost money on his products, except those produced by the Orchard, the dairy herd and the poultry stock. We have all had hard sledding, but our brown has turned to a smile and we are going to do our part to make this a better, more prosperous year.

This business was established nearly thirty years ago and at no time in its history have we seen conditions so favorable to the fruit grower and here are some of the reasons for it:

—Our prices on fruit trees have been reduced 40 to 50 per cent.
—The number of bearing trees in the United States has been greatly reduced the past ten years, causing a shortage of fruit and high prices that are sure to exist for a number of years.
—The Nurserymen have not more than 20 per cent as many trees to offer as were grown each year previous to 1918. Not enough to replace the average number of trees that die each year.
—Reduction of transportation rates.
—Increased consumption brought about through propaganda by Doctors, Public Schools, Magazines, etc.

For years we have been improving our varieties, propagating our trees for early bearing, productivity and high quality of fruit, producing the character of trees you should plant to profit most.

I advise you to book your order right now to make sure of your getting the trees you need, as our stock is much smaller than we have ever had. I will look for your early order and wish you a Prosperous New Year.

HARDY NURSERY & SEED CO.,
S. R. McLANE, General Manager.

IT'S NATURE'S FIXED LAW THAT LIKE PRODUCES LIKE—EVERYTHING PRODUCES AFTER ITS KIND

Why does one Jersey outstrip a thousand others in the production of butter fat?
Why does one ear of seed corn inherit high producing power, while another yields only inferior crops?
The stock breeder found out long ago that the surest and best way to get a paying dairy herd, is to breed from champion milkers.

It's from the best layers that poultry-men have bred up the 250 egg per annum hen.

Tree characteristics are essential to every profitable tree—quantity—production, quality—production, and regularity of bearing.
These traits must be inherent in the tree, as no amount of labor or money can put them there.
Selection and cultivation will bring out or develop a predominance of the better traits, but we cannot enlarge upon that which is not there.

No amount of fanning will produce fire where there is no spark.

By choosing the buds or scions from the good performers—trees noted for quality production, quantity production and regularity of crop—we reproduce good performers.

This method ultimately eliminates the drones, and perpetuates only the best and most profitable types.

Here is where the Pedigreed Way of growing trees differs from the usual methods.

Ninety per cent of all trees sold are propagated without any reference to variation in type, be it one bud, one scion, or one tree or trees which have never borne fruit. Some renew their stock from bearing orchards, the variety only being considered. Little or no thought has been given to the productivity of the individual trees within the variety. This method accounts for the fact that from ten to twenty-five per cent of the trees in the average orchard are drones.
The scions and buds for growing Pedigreed Trees are selected, bearing trees. This method insures that the trees produced in the nursery will be absolutely TRUE TO NAME.

Being always anxious to keep improving our varieties of fruits, we are constantly on the lookout for trees of exceptional merit from which to obtain scions or buds and propagate their like. Do you have any trees in your orchard which show extraordinary early bearing qualities, superior quality of fruit, or producing qualities or unusual hardness? If you have one of these superior trees, send us a complete record of it. If the record is better than others received of the same variety, we shall be glad to purchase scions or buds from you in order that we may give it a thorough test here at our nursery.

This is a theory and practice upon which we grow pedigreed trees.

In the history of the orchard, the cost of the trees is the smallest item—labor and time the greatest.

Can you afford then to furnish soil, time and expense in the growing of trees whose bearing habits may make them unprofitable?

We can afford to plant trees of uncertain or unknown parentage when it is highly profitable because many of those trees will never pay their board bill in your orchard.

This is an age of efficiency. The wasteful and uncertain methods of the past are no longer tolerated. The farmer has no place for the drone.
The orchard is a factory for fruit-building. Every tree is a laborer. Its wages can be paid from three to ten years before it becomes productive. How important then to select efficient workers. How fatal is a mistake.

You can avoid the mistake by planting only our Pedigreed Trees.
We therefore give you our orchard that it's immensely to your interest to plant trees with a high performance record behind them—Pedigreed Trees.

Yours for Better Trees.
HARDY NURSERY & SEED CO.,
Kansas City, Mo.
Successors to Winfield Nursery Co. and The Planters Nursery Co.

What Does This Mean?

In 1910 Missouri had 23,128,107 bearing trees and in 1920 only 9,649,045. In 1910 it had 5,748,159 trees of non-bearing age—that is, young trees—but by 1920 there were only 2,882,132 young trees to replenish the old orchards. The record of Missouri is practically duplicated by Kansas, which now has 3,107,405 bearing orchard trees as compared with more than 13,000,000 ten years ago. Its new trees have decreased from over 2,000,000 to a little more than 1,000,000. Iowa shows a reduction of more than 5,000,000 trees. Ohio more than 4,000,000 Indiana nearly 2,000,000.

Considering only the thirty-four states for which the 1920 census figures are available, the total of both bearing and non-bearing orchard trees was approximately 215,000,000 in 1920 as compared with nearly 230,000,000 ten years ago.

We need more orchards; the census figures prove that. The population is increasing and orchards are declining.—Philip S. Rose, writing in The Country Gentleman, December 31, 1921.
STANDARD PEDIGREED APPLES

Apples are demanding high prices. Now is the time to plant.

The apple trees listed and described here are grown from select parentage of the highest fruit-bearing type—in others words, pedigreed stock. Space does not permit us giving performance records of all the different varieties and kinds of fruit we offer, but we mention a few of them briefly to show the work we are doing to eliminate the orchards of our customers.

The apple trees listed and described on the following pages represent varieties which ripen at different times of season and are the varieties we advise you to plant. In making your selection you may be guided by the following:

Early Summer.—Early Harvest, Liveland Raspberry, Yellow Transparent.

Summer.—Duchess, Red June, Sweet June.

Late Summer.—Cooper's Early White, Maiden Blush.

Early Winter.—Grimes Golden, King David, Jonathan, McIntosh Red.

Winter.—Baldwin, Stayman, Winesap, Delicious.

Late Winter.—Arkansas Black, M. B. Twig, Ragan, Rome Beauty, Winesap.

We are sold out of one-year apple but have a fair stock of two-year Pedigreed Trees.

Order early and get yours.

Prices, Apple—Standards

<table>
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<th>Prices 2 Year Old Standard Varieties</th>
<th>Each.</th>
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Arkansas Black.—Beautiful dark red, almost round and regular in bearing. Grown from its specially selected stock and high color. Plant these trees and you will not have any shy bearers.

Baldwin.—Popular in the East and North. Fruit large bright red, late keeper and splendid shipper. Grown from a famous northern orchard, 12 selected trees 16 years old, averaging 12 bushels fancy fruit per tree.

Cooper's Early White.—One of the best for the Southwest; good size, light yellow, bears early. Fine for early market, as it ripens in the season when good apples are scarce.

Grimes Golden.—Large, Golden, sweet, and juicy. Grown by Jesse Bliss of Peru, Iowa—tested and found good wherever apples grow. Most delightfully flavored of all apples. Has no superior for either home or commercial orchard. Our Delicious are all grown from the best individuals of the more fruitful type, the only way to be sure of genuine trees, of good performance. For our improved variety see page 4.

Harvest.—Well known summer apple, pale yellow, medium size, bears early, good cook. Yellow Transparent and Cooper's Early White are more valuable. Per bag: 7 selected 15-year-old trees averaging 10 bushels each.

Gano.—A large, handsome dark red apple. As hardy as old-fashioned Gano and just as good a keeper, but finer quality. One of the best shippers and popular on all markets. Its regular and abundant crops make it a big money maker. Grown by the Silver Maryland Gano from known parentage for pure Gano. We offer you trees from the best individuals selected from more than 500 trees. Fruit from the parent trees in the Sweepstake Prize at the National Apple Show at Denver for the best carload of orchard run, winning the $250.00 loving cup.

Grimes Golden.—Golden yellow, delicious, rich and tender; the most popular of its kind and pays best. Hardy, productive, bearers, young, a splendid filler. Seldom caught by frost. Always commands highest prices. After 12 years of selection we have improved the type of this grand variety until our Grimes Golden are all blue ribbon stock. Grown from 60 selected trees—the best in four splendid orchards. Each with 15-year-old trees—averaging 4 to 5 bushels each; eleven-year-old trees, 10 bushels each, and fourteen-year-old trees, 12 bushels each. In our work we found Grimes Golden of the same type reaching the age of 19 years before producing fruit. With our Pedigreed Grimes Golden in your orchard you can count on early fruitfulness and superb quality.

King David.—Combines the good qualities of the Jonathan and the Arkansas Black, being a cross of the two. Rich color, yellow tinged flesh, bright sparkling flavor. Has often been shipped as far as Australia. It succeeds commercially in territories where the Jonathan is too small. The true King David from marked trees of the ideal type in orchard 9 years old. Also from three specially marked trees 16 years old and 6 marked trees from orchard 7 years old.

Liveland Raspberry.—This variety started in Russia, but has thrived in America. It is a shiny waxen white with crimson stripes and on the sunny side a spot of red, giving it an indescribably beautiful appearance. It is a medium large apple which packs well and looks well in boxes. A strong, vigorous grower which bears well in the third year and makes an ideal filler. We have taken the scions for this variety from 9 trees 9 years old which average 6 bushels per tree. Also one 18-year-old tree which yielded 30 bushels.

Silver Medal Winesap Apples

Corrected Price

Two-Year-Old Standard Apples, Page Six.

A. B. Hemphill's One-Year Pedigreed Yellow Transparent, 16 months after planting.

Two-Year Pedigreed Apple Nursery Row.

From Indiana: The 110 apple trees I got from you last spring lived and grew fine. They were the finest trees I ever saw.

E. W. W., Ind.
Standard Pedigreed Apple

See Prices, Page 6.

Maiden Blush.—A popular summer apple, golden yellow with crimson blush. Enticing flavor, good grower, fine for drying.

Mammoth Black Twig.—Extra large, dark red. Excellent quality and keeps until apples come again. Bears early and yields big crops every year. In our breeding work we find a larger percentage of barren and drone trees in M. B. Twig than any other variety. In orchards 10 to 15 years old we find that unless you plant trees of the fruitful type results will be largely a shade tree grove. We offer M. B. Twig from 7 year trees, averaging 5 bushels each.

McIntosh Red.—Extra good for all higher and cooler sections. Beautiful deep crimson with crisp white flesh. Ranks high in quality and is demanded by people who pay high prices for fancy fruit. From select trees in the Bitter Root Valley of Montana, also from 15 to 20-year-old trees in Colorado, which captured first prize at the Onaha Fruit Congress.

Missouri Pippin.—While this apple is not of the best quality, it is a good constant bearer and is one of the few that really does well in western Nebraska, western Kansas and eastern Colorado.

Ragan.—(Improved Black Ben.) Pronounced by many the best commercial apple yet produced. It has all the money-making qualities of old Ben Davis, improved by a handsome deep red color, the sort of color that brings the high prices. Hardiness, early bearing, tremendous yields and handsome color makes it one of the greatest money-makers. It is one of the few apples that can be planted with the assurance of success. Don’t think of starting an orchard without Ragan, a regular gold mine.

Red June.—(Wilson Strain.) This is a late summer apple. It reaches medium size and is yellow with red stripes. It ripens from July to August and is one of the best of our summer apples. The trees bear young and our scions produce trees that always produce good yield.

Rome Beauty.—One of the surest bearers. Large and handsome, shaded and striped with red. Begins bearing very young. If you plant Pedigreed Rome Beauty, you’ll start picking apples the second or third year after planting. Ideal filler. Blooms late and yields tremendous crops. If frost catches first bloom it often blossoms again, insuring crop even in the cases of others failing.

Stayman Winesap.—See our Winfield Stayman on page two.

Yellow Transparent.—Clear, yellow, hardy and very beautiful. Medium size, uniform in shape, and with slight taper at the blossom end. It has a smooth cream yellow skin with a transparent waxy appearance, which gives the apple its name. Good apple for eating and cooking. Makes good filler because bears third or fourth year and takes little room in the row between permanent trees.

Winesap.—One of the best and finest Winter apples. An old favorite, popular on account of its rich, pleasant flavor and fine red color; hardy, regular bearer, excellent shipper—a money-maker.

WEALTHY YORT IMPERIAL

APPLE—Crab

Direct to Planter Prices. Varieties as Below

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<td>Each.</td>
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<td>60c</td>
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Florence.—A valuable variety or both home and commercial orchard. Mottled red and yellow. Widely planted on account of its early bearing, productiveness and regularity of crops. Very hardy. Season, July.

Hyson.—Large, dark red, flesh yellow, good for cooking. Vigorous and hardy. Season, September.

Transwendent.—A delicious apple for preserves and jellies. Large yellow with brilliant red cheek; flesh very crisp and juicy. Hardy and bears heavy crops every year. Season, August.

Whitney.—The largest of crabs, dark red, very juicy and delicious. Season, July.

From New York:

Trees arrived in fine shape. They are the best trees we have ever had on the farm. Some of the peach trees are blooming already. Thank you for your generous treatment.

John B. K., N. Y.
IMPROVED PEDIGREED APPLE

Silver Medal Winesap

One would name it that even though they had no knowledge of its prize-winning ability, it is brilliant dark red. In quality it is unsurpassed, incomparable. In flavor excellent, very slightly acid, just enough to make it enjoyable. The flesh is fine-grained, crisp, juicy, melting, wonderfully delightful. Holds record for keeping qualities, 6 months being nothing unusual. Many cases of one year reported.

The original trees were found in the Mason orchard near Belle Plain, Kansas, in the famous Arkansas Valley. In all, there were nearly 2,200 trees, all doing well, but in particular there were three Winesap which were head and shoulders above all surrounding trees in performance. Their fruit was double the average size, with yield of double any companion or neighborhood trees year after year. The fruit taken to the fair won the coveted Silver Medal Prize.

Arrangements were immediately made whereby The Winfield Nurseries were permitted to propagate from prize-winning trees, and in 1906 the first Silver Medal Winesap were sold to John Alter, a large Kansas apple grower.

AN ORCHARD OF SILVER MEDALS WILL START YOU ON THE ROAD TO PROSPERITY.

In 1916 Mr. Alter sold more than $10,000.00 worth of Silver Medal Winesap—top prices because of uniform size and superior quality. His ten-year-old orchard of Silver Medal Winesap brought him $500.00 to $700.00 per acre. Think of it! In 1916 he picked 16,000 bushels of this splendid apple, and the yield has made him three times the money that his older orchard has, because there is not a slacker among his Pedigreed trees.

Does the Pedigree pay? What more convincing proof could be given. You can’t get away from results like this. If you want trees bearing from one to three years earlier than common Winesap—fruit much larger, with richer, darker red color—if you want trees loaded every year—an apple that keeps a year in storage—one of the few great shippers—the choice of commission men—a favorite for cooking—eating—vigorous healthy trees that will make you more money and make it quicker than any apple that you can grow—plant Silver Medal Winesap.

A GREAT PRODUCER

The Silver Medal Winesap is a great producer and the fruit is fine. My advise to fruit growers is to get this variety by all means for it produces crops when other varieties fail. Speaking in terms of slang “It has the common winesap beaten a city block.” I will want some more of them this spring.—Oakland City, Ind.

WOULD IT BE POSSIBLE TO PRODUCE BETTER TREES

The shipment of Silver Medal Winesap and Jonathan trees received and I am very much pleased with them. I do not think it would be possible to produce better trees for the purposes were perfect and the tops were clean and evenly branched. I am including herewith an order to be sent to my neighbor. Don’t forget it is the Silver Medal Winesap that he wants—just like the ones you sent me.—Bentonville, Arkansas.

NEVER LOST A SINGLE TREE

The 100 Silver Medal Winesap trees I purchased from you are doing fine, never lost a single tree. I don’t think my little orchard can be beaten in this State. Thanks for the extra trees.—Mulvane, Kansas.

1 Year Old

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Each</th>
<th>10</th>
<th>100</th>
<th>1,000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3 to 4 ft</td>
<td>35c</td>
<td>$2.00</td>
<td>$25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 to 5 ft</td>
<td>45c</td>
<td>$2.50</td>
<td>$25.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5 to 6 ft</td>
<td>55c</td>
<td>$3.00</td>
<td>$25.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Golden Winesap see page two.

From Georgia:

The trees bought from you a year ago last winter have made a growth that is a surprise to all that have seen them and a great delight and satisfaction to myself. There are no trees planted the same season in this section that can hold a candle to them, and they are as large as the average planted a year earlier by other growers.

Wm. K., Cornelia, Ga.
Pedigreed Prize Delicious
FROM THE DOUBLE CIRCLE TREE

The thoroughbred of the Famous Delicious Family—an extraordinary type of this well-known apple. Here's the facts about Prize Delicious: Stock is propagated from a single tree with a most remarkable performance record for young and heavy bearing. The tree from which this stock was propagated was the one tree of its kind in an orchard of 200 Delicious. Its owner called it the "Double Circle Tree." We have procured the exclusive buds and scions from the time it was discovered, and its record is such that we do not hesitate to recommend and advertise this as the banner apple of them all. Naturally our supply of Prize Delicious each year is limited, but we offer them at the above prices, which are low considering the superior quality of this splendid fruit.

**PERFORMANCE RECORD OF PRIZE DELICIOUS.**

In a fine orchard of 200 Delicious trees, 36 showed remarkable qualities, began bearing at four years old and at six years old picked an average of 4½ bushels per tree. The following year, at 7 years of age, these 36 trees made another good record. Each bore a load of uniform fruit evenly distributed throughout the tree. The double circle tree produced six boxes and every apple packed out fancy. At 8 years of age these same select trees were again in the lead—not one approached the performance of the Double Circle. This tree seemed to have the stronger individuality, capable of stronger growth and of producing more and better fruit annually. This tree picked better than 16 bushels at 8 years of age.

Remember, the Prize Delicious we offer is propagated from the Double Circle tree which made the above record at 6, 7 and 8 years old, and has been going ahead ever since. If you want an early bearing strain of Delicious—top quality fruit—here it is. Procure in your own orchard that it pays—and pays big—to plant trees with a performance record behind them. Trees grown the Pedigreed way.

Even though you only have a small back yard you can find a place for a couple Prize Delicious trees.

**READ THESE LETTERS**

The 200 Prize Delicious Apple you sent me last spring are doing fine. They are splendid trees, healthy and thrifty. I like the way you fellows do business and I am lining up a lot of good business for you because a nursery which furnishes us with such splendid trees certainly deserves our patronage.—Caddo, Okla.

Four years ago I set out some of your Prize Delicious apple trees, as fine a lot as I ever saw. I am pleased to say that they have quite a number of fine apples on them this year and I am doubly convinced of the superiority of your trees over that of any trees I have ever seen.—Winterston, Iowa.

Pedigreed West Jonathan—Improved

After ten years of selection we offer the ideal type of the Jonathan family. Fruit extremely large, very dark red, commanding a premium price over other Jonathan. Young trees of this strain show fruit buds in the nursery row and begin bearing very young. Prices same as Prize Delicious.

**PRICES VARIETIES ABOVE**

Same as varieties on page 8.

Received the 100 West Jonathan trees and have them planted. Must say that I never saw a nicer and healthier bunch of trees. This planting was ideal. You may add to your long list another well pleased customer.—Geary, Okla.

**Winfield Stayman—Improved,**

See page 2.

---

From Arkansas:

My trees have made a fine growth. Lots of them are four inches through. I had some apples this year on several of the Stayman Winesap, Ragan and Delicious. How is that for two years after planting? Pedigreed trees are certainly there. It would do you good to see how nice they look. They promise me a nice lot of fruit next year.—Mr. M. L., Eureka Springs, Ark.
PLANT THIS SPRING

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Direct to Planter Prices—First Class</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Each.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 to 4 ft</td>
<td>35c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 to 6 ft</td>
<td>40c</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ONE ACRE OF PEACHES WILL PAY YOU MORE THAN TEN ACRES OF FARM CROPS.

Peaches succeed nearly everywhere. They thrive and pay where many other fruits are not successful. On nearly every farm there are several acres of unused land that could be profitably let to peaches. Clay hillsides, thin and sandy land that is too weak to produce corn or alfalfa will grow excellent peaches. Almost any soil will do as long as it is well drained. Peaches cannot succeed with wet feet. When good peach orchards are netting $400 per acre and more, we wonder why so many farmers overlook planting peaches. Nearly every variety will bring you a profitable crop not later than the fourth year. Our Pedigreed Peach trees will pay because they are bred from young bearers. Choice of variety depends somewhat on location, but if selected from the list you won’t go far wrong.

We are listing below the very best standard peaches and as our stock is limited we suggest you order early:

**Belle of Georgia**—The White Elberta. Large, attractive; a peach of rare quality. One of the most profitable commercial varieties. Fruit uniform, excellent flavor and free. This peach we especially recommend your planting. Our stock is limited. Order early. Ripens about July 10th to 25th. Rapid grower and prolific. Plant this peach, the finest of the white peaches.

**Carman**—Large, creamy white or pale yellow, with deep blush; skin very tough; flesh tender and pleasantly flavored; tree remarkably hard. Good shipper and commercial variety. Ripens middle of July.

**Champion**—Creamy white; splashed with carmine, with a blush of darker red; very juicy, sweet and tender; tree vigorous and productive; has stood 18 degrees below zero and produced a full crop the following summer. Fruit excellent quality, freestone. A favorite for both home and commercial orchard. Ripens July 20th to August 10th.

**Chinese Cling**—Probably the largest peach in cultivation. Skin creamy with short fuzz, mottlings of dull red, covering one-third to one-half of surface next stem. Flesh tender, very juicy. A well-known commercial variety. Ripens July 20th to August 10th.

**Elberta**—The most popular peach ever grown. In many places there are more Elbertas planted than all other varieties combined. Large, yellow, juicy, high-flavored and a good shipper. In fact, it possesses all the good qualities that could be wished for in a peach. On account of its handsome appearance sells readily, even in glutted markets. The leading commercial variety. Ripens July 20th to August 10th.

**Greensboro**—Very hardy, pure white with red blush. Ripens last of June.

**Heath Cling**—Very late; unexcelled for canning. Creamy white, blushed with red, juicy and delicious. Ripens last of September.

**Krummel’s October**—Deep yellow fine texture, very firm, bears young; extremely hardy. This has proven a very profitable variety with our customers. Ripens last of September.

**J. H. Hale**—A chance seedling discovered by Mr. Hale, a large Eastern peach grower. The fruit is larger than common Elberta, a perfect freestone, somewhat roundish—rich golden yellow. Skin is thick and entirely without fuzz. Flesh dark yellow, fine grained and firm. Tree is hardy and bears young. A very fine peach for family use and for market. Ripens with Elberta.

**Crawford’s Early**—Large yellow freestone. Early in September.

**Crawford’s Late**—Yellow freestone, flavor rich and sweet. Late September.

APRICOTS

Direct to Planter Prices. Variety as below.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Direct to Planter Prices—First Class</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Each.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 to 4 ft</td>
<td>35c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 to 6 ft</td>
<td>40c</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The golden yellow with red cheek. Its great size and delicious quality makes it the most popular variety.

**Champion Peach**

How is this for two trees?

From Kentucky:

"I am enclosing a photo of my little Mayflower tree that was set out the last of March a year ago. On the 15th of June, this year, I gathered 22 ripe peaches from it. There had not been a southern peach on the market when these began to get ripe. You can use this as you like for I am your booster."—John P. Cline, Mt. Sterling, Ky.
PLANT Pears  FOR BIG PROFITS

This luscious fruit is one of the most profitable of all when it is given the requisite care and attention. Like most other things of this world that are good, they cannot be had without attention and effort. The culture of this fruit is not difficult in the least, and the market for pears is never over-supplied. The fruit is most delicate when it is gathered from the trees some days before it begins to soften and then packed away in a cool dark place to ripen. This prevents the formation of the grit that is so noticeable around the core of some varieties. With summer pears the fruit is best when it is picked a week or ten days before it ripens on the tree, and winter kinds need to be gathered at the time the fruit will separate from the tree when lifted up at a sharp angle. There is a very great shortage of pears and this fruit is commanding very high prices on all markets. Plant now for profit.

Keiffer Pear

THE BEST PEAR TO PLANT

For twenty years we have studied and observed Pear culture, and studied the enemy of Pear—blight. We found by elimination that the Keiffer Pear was producing over a large area and was harder than any other variety and free from blight. Finally we sent to France and procured some of the pear dirt where famous pears were grown for hundreds of years, and found that it was a tough, red gumbo, often mixed with gravel. Since that time and for the past five years we have investigated the soil under successful trees in many localities—among them orchards that have produced and paid $1,200.00 per acre in a single year. We now announce that the pear tree will grow and succeed in what you would describe as a despicable soil for other fruit or agricultural purposes. Plant pear on clay ground—or ground with joint clay or gumbo subsoil, or ground strongly impregnated with alkali.

Here's What Mr. Patten of Hennessey, Okla., Says:

"Seventeen years ago I planted 15 pear trees, all of which were Keiffers. These trees came into bearing the second year after planting and have borne fruit ever since. I have picked an average of 20 bushels to the tree every season. I now have 125 pear trees on my farm—100 of these trees were 1 year old at planting and the Keiffers bore fruit the second year from planting. They are not four years old and I estimate that the Keiffer pears will produce this year from 4 to 6 bushels to the tree. I expect to plant many more acres of Keiffer variety, as it is certainly the best and most profitable variety." (Signed) J. D. Patten, Hennessey, Okla.

Other Varieties Pears

Bartlett.—Large, yellow, fine-grained, buttery and juicy. High quality and productive. The preferable Pear in some sections and is a very worthy commercial variety.

Duchess.—Large, yellow with red cheek. Tree thrifty, bears young. Good pollinator for Keiffer, but not so profitable.

Duchess.—The richest and sweetest flavored pear in cultivation. Fruit small, yellow, overspread with brown.

Dwarf Pears

All 2-year budded on white roots. Prices as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Each</th>
<th>10</th>
<th>100</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2 to 4 ft.</td>
<td>60c</td>
<td>$6.00</td>
<td>$60.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 to 5 ft.</td>
<td>75c</td>
<td>$7.50</td>
<td>75.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Dwarf pear trees are valuable for the home orchard and garden or the small place. They take up so little room and produce abundance of fruit at small cost. Their size makes spraying and picking easy. They often begin bearing in the second or third year. A row around the boundary line or the walk will not only be very attractive, but will soon surprise you with the bountiful load of fruit. We grow only three varieties in Dwarf pear, but they are the cream of the lot.

Duchess

Direct to Planter Prices. 2-year budded on white roots.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Grade</th>
<th>Each</th>
<th>10</th>
<th>100</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2 to 4 ft.</td>
<td>60c</td>
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<td>$60.00</td>
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<tr>
<td>4 to 5 ft.</td>
<td>75c</td>
<td>$7.50</td>
<td>75.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Orange Quince.—The most popular and widely planted of all varieties, and the one variety we recommend. Large, golden yellow, succeeds everywhere and very productive, but their culture has been overlooked in many places. Just look around and see if your community does not offer a good opportunity for a Quince orchard.

Duchess
Early Richmond Cherries.

Varieties.  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Varieties</th>
<th>Each.</th>
<th>25</th>
<th>100</th>
<th>1,000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Downing</td>
<td>35c</td>
<td>6.50</td>
<td>22.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Houghton</td>
<td>35c</td>
<td>6.50</td>
<td>22.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CURRANTS

Direct to Planter Prices.  No. 1 Plants.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Varieties</th>
<th>Each.</th>
<th>25</th>
<th>100</th>
<th>25c</th>
<th>50c</th>
<th>100</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fay's Prolific</td>
<td>35c</td>
<td>6.50</td>
<td>22.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Grape</td>
<td>25c</td>
<td>5.00</td>
<td>10.00</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

VARIETIES AS FOLLOW.

Fay's Prolific—One of the finest red currants. Large clusters—enormously productive. Comes into bearing early.

White Grape—The best white currant. Large and sweet, good grower, yields well.

Logan Berry

The Logan Berry is a hybrid between the raspberry and blackberry. The fruit is as large as the largest blackberry, and is produced in immense clusters. The color is clear, dark red. It partakes of the flavor of both the blackberry and the raspberry, mild, pleasant, vinous flavor, delicous and peculiar to this berry alone. Seeds small, soft and few. Berries very firm and carry well. Strong grower, enormous bearer. Ripens early, just after strawberries. Not hardy north of Missouri and Kansas.

Price: 25c each; 10 for $2.00; 100 for $18.00.

From Colorado:
I cannot understand why the Montmorency cherry trees which I received from another nursery winter-killed and yours did not. They were handled, treated and set out in precisely the same way in every particular.

—E. L. Peyton, Colo.
Japanese Plums are especially suited to this latitude and south of here, or in any climate where Peaches and Apricots succeed. Of the Japanese we recommend Burbank.

**Burbank.**—The greatest of the Japan Plums. Large rich yellow, covered with bright red. Tree vigorous and hardy—bears young and regularly, succeeds in all sections except the extreme North. Yields enormous crops—should always be heavily thinned to allow room for development. Ripens late in August.


**Wickson.**—Color deep crimson—very large and handsome. Fruit from two-year-old trees measured 7 inches around. One of the best late Japanese Plums. Tree thrifty, very hardy—bears young.

**PLUMS—EUROPEAN-AMERICAN VARIETIES.**

The varieties of Plums listed below are of well-known European varieties with the exception of Wild Goose, which is an American Plum. These varieties are suitable for planting in all climates.

**Blue Damson.**—The Little Blue Damson. Dark blue, excellent quality, enormously productive.

**German Prune.**—One of the best plums; excellent for canning. Purple or blue, firm, rich, juicy meat. Vigorous and productive, easily grown and a sure profit maker. Ripens September.

**Wild Goose.**—Bright red, flesh yellow, sweet and juicy, recommended for home garden and market. Ripens late July.

**BLACKBERRIES**

**The Crop That Will Make You Money—Quick.**

You can buy two kinds of blackberry plants. Patch plants dug up from run-down patches, or Propagated Plants grown from select root cuttings. Patch plants, such as are handled by many nurseries, and sold cheap, are expensive at nothing. We would rather lose your business than to sell them. But we offer you here fine No. 1 Blackberry propagated from selected, healthy, vigorous plants which will insure you quick growth and a bery crop 10 months after planting. There's a difference in Our Blackberry and Ordinary Blackberry plants. The difference means a year's time to you if you'll pay a little more and get the best. Blackberries make one of the best paying crops—five acres in berries will earn as much as 160 acres of wheat, with less than one-eighth the upkeep or labor. Try out one-fourth, or better still, one acre; plant it in rows or "hill fashion." Plant between the tree rows in your orchard; make every foot of ground pay. Berries bring good prices and will go still higher. The best varieties are Early Harvest and Mercereau.

**Direct to Planter Prices.**

**No. 1 Plants.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Size</th>
<th>Each.</th>
<th>$2.75</th>
<th>$2.00</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2 to 3 ft.</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 to 5 ft.</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Mercereau.**—This is the best and most profitable Blackberry of the mammoth iron clad variety. Bears enormous crops, large size berries, oval shape, jet black color. Does not turn red after being picked—no core, resistant to rust—flesh is sweet, melting, rich, very finest quality.

**Do Blackberries Pay?** "I have been growing blackberries in this section for 17 years, and my crops have averaged from $200.00 to $350.00 per acre each year. My patch is growing on dark, sandy loam located three miles southeast of Arkansas City, Kan. My 1914 crops from one acre sold for $350.00—a half acre of Early Harvest sold for $200.00."—Harry Wol lace.

**DEWBERRY**

Few people realize the high quality of this small fruit. Plant them this fall and you will thank us later for the suggestion.

The most successful Dewberry to plant is Lucretia. It is bright, glossy black—sweet, luscious, hardy. The best and most dependable Dewberry—ripens about two weeks before Early Harvest. Large and finer quality than Blackberry.

**Price,** each, 20c: 25, $1.75; 100, $25.00.

**From Kansas:**

I received the trees all O. K. and I must say they are the finest bunch of trees I ever bought. These trees are 50% better than I ever bought from a tree agent, besides being about a third cheaper.

—O. A. Ellsworth, Kansas.
GRAPES

No fruit succeeds better generally than the Grape, and none can make the waste places more profitable. Grapes will grow in most any soil or location, whether a shaded doorway, where the vine can be trained over an arbor, or on the rocky hillsides where it is impossible to handle fruit trees. There is scarcely a yard in the city or country where there is not room for a row or arbor of grapes. Why not eat grapes from your own vines? Start right by buying the best. We quote you prices on and advise planting only No. 1 plants. Concord, Moore’s Early and Niagara are the leading varieties.

Direct to Planter Prices. No. 1 Plants.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Varieties</th>
<th>Each.</th>
<th>25c</th>
<th>50c</th>
<th>75c</th>
<th>$1.00</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Agawam</td>
<td>25c</td>
<td>$4.50</td>
<td>$9.00</td>
<td>$13.50</td>
<td>$18.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Campbell’s Early</td>
<td>25c</td>
<td>5.00</td>
<td>10.00</td>
<td>15.00</td>
<td>20.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Concord</td>
<td>20c</td>
<td>3.25</td>
<td>6.50</td>
<td>9.75</td>
<td>13.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moore’s Diamond</td>
<td>25c</td>
<td>5.00</td>
<td>10.00</td>
<td>15.00</td>
<td>20.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Moore’s Early</td>
<td>25c</td>
<td>5.00</td>
<td>10.00</td>
<td>15.00</td>
<td>20.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Niagara</td>
<td>25c</td>
<td>5.00</td>
<td>10.00</td>
<td>15.00</td>
<td>20.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Worden</td>
<td>25c</td>
<td>4.25</td>
<td>8.50</td>
<td>12.75</td>
<td>17.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

DESCRIPTION OF VARIETIES.

Agawam.—The best red grape. Large, round, dull purple red. Meaty and sweet from sour pulp. Moderately sweet, midseason ripener. Hardy, vigorous and productive.

Campbell’s Early.—Large size, purplish black, round pulp, sweet and juicy—seeds small and few in number. Clusters very large. Ripens two weeks earlier than Concord.

Concord.—The most popular and widely planted black grape. Very hardy and productive. Ripens about the middle of September. On account of its adaptability and low cost of production Concord is widely planted for both home and commercial use.

Moore’s Diamond.—The white grape of quality. Greenish white with yellow tinge. Earlier than Niagara—midseason ripener.

Moore’s Early.—Ripens two or three weeks earlier than Concord, purplish black, very hardy, large berries—sweeter than Concord—one of the best money-makers of its season.

Niagara.—The White Concord. Most widely planted white grape. Berry is slightly oval, pale, yellowish green—quality good—bunches large and compact.

Worden.—A handsome black grape. Immense size, much superior to Concord. Plant Worden for quality in the home garden, and for profit in the vineyard. The best black grape.

RASPBERRIES

Don’t fail to order our Winfield Raspberry. The best of all. See page three.

Direct to Planter Prices. No. 1 Plants.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Varieties</th>
<th>Each.</th>
<th>25c</th>
<th>50c</th>
<th>75c</th>
<th>$1.00</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cuthbert and Kansas</td>
<td>25c</td>
<td>$2.00</td>
<td>$4.00</td>
<td>$6.00</td>
<td>$8.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plum Farmer and St. Regis</td>
<td>5.00</td>
<td>$6.00</td>
<td>$10.00</td>
<td>$14.00</td>
<td>$18.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cuthbert. (Red.)—The most dependable red variety. Widely planted—mid-season.</td>
<td>25c</td>
<td>5.00</td>
<td>10.00</td>
<td>15.00</td>
<td>20.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Plum Farmer. (Black.)—Profitable early market sort. Berry large, thick-meat and firm.</td>
<td>25c</td>
<td>5.00</td>
<td>10.00</td>
<td>15.00</td>
<td>20.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kansas.—(Black.) A standard variety of early Blackcap—strong and hardy, bears heavy crops.</td>
<td>25c</td>
<td>5.00</td>
<td>10.00</td>
<td>15.00</td>
<td>20.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>St. Regis.—The new everbearing Raspberry, bearing the first year from planting. Begins to bear in June and continues to produce quantities of its luscious berries all summer until stopped by frosts. Berry is firm, meaty, rich, sugary, and keeps in good condition longer after being gathered than any other Raspberry. Wonderfully prolific. Strong Plants.</td>
<td>25c</td>
<td>5.00</td>
<td>10.00</td>
<td>15.00</td>
<td>20.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Early King Red Raspberry

THE BEST RED RASPBERRY

Early King.—Here is a good, clean, vigorous grower, entirely free from all disease and exceptionally hard and productive. Fruit large, extra firm and of a very bright crimson color, which it holds until placed on the most distant market. Ripens early and has a long season.

Early King Red Raspberries.

From Oklahoma:

The Winfield Raspberry plant I got of you a few years ago beats anything I ever saw in the berry line. Had some fine berries last year; this year it was chuck-full of fine berries.—Geo. H. Foss, Okla.
FRUIT TREES, SMALL FRUITS AND SEEDS OF QUALITY

HARDY LANDSCAPE SERVICE

A Landscape Plan for Your Home Grounds.
Artistically planted home grounds are not the result of chance. They come from careful planning, and proper selection of varieties. Thousands of dollars are spent each year for nursery stock which is practically wasted because people do not know what to plant and where to plant it. In order to have something of enduring value, artistic and satisfying, to show for the money you spend on your grounds, HAVE A PLAN. The beauty of a planting depends less upon the plants used than it does upon their proper disposition, grouping, and arrangement.

Your property will not have reached its full development until you have beautified it thoughtfully with trees and shrubs. Are you aware that you can increase its money value 25% to 100% with a very small investment? The same sun and rain that wears and deteriorates the value of your house is the natural friend of the landscaped grounds, and it increases wonderfully in beauty year after year.

Planting Plans that are Really Helpful.
Take advantage of our plan-making service and have home grounds out of the ordinary—distinctive, beautiful, and of greatly increased value and usefulness. You do not have to know the names and varieties of the plants best suited to your grounds. Send us a rough sketch of your property, showing buildings, drives, walks, etc. This need not be drawn to scale, but should show size and shape of house and lot, with all the main dimensions plainly indicated. Also state briefly the portions of your grounds which you are most interested in planting, and mention the names of any plants you like especially well, or any ideas you may wish carried out. We will then make a planting plan especially for your place, showing how to plant it in an artistic way, and include suggestions, and draw-up plans if desirable. You may place confidence in our ability to help you beautify your home entirely within the limits of your purse, and in accordance with the most modern ideas on landscape planting. Correspondence regarding this work should not be deferred until planting time, as during the height of the shipping season we may be obliged to defer the drawing of plans for a short time. Write us now.

The Small Place.
Real landscape possibilities exist on even the smallest places. Let us help discover them for you. It is a mistaken idea that the art of landscape gardening can be effectively applied only to large grounds, and involving great expenditure of time and money. A few well placed trees and shrubs will have a magic effect. In fact, individual beauty and real distinctiveness are more often achieved in the decoration of modest grounds than in the more pretentious plantings of large places. Some of the best examples of harmonious and artistic lawn planting are to be found on small places.

Foundation Planting.
For a given expenditure of time and money nothing will effect so great and pleasing a transformation as an artistic base planting. Practically every house needs the softening, harmonizing effect of well-placed masses of shrubbery. The finest architecture will not save a house from an unpleasant aspect of bareness if this planting has been neglected, while on the other hand the simplest cottage can be made to look as cozy and inviting as the home of our dreams if the proper setting of trees and shrubs is built up around it. The final touch that gives the necessary charm to the entire picture must come from the landscape planting.

The demand for ornamental trees, shrubs and plants has greatly increased the past few years, and to meet this demand we have enlarged our facilities for propagating this class of stock, which consists of such kinds as are hardy and desirable, and represent a great variety of colors, both in blossom and foliage, as well as in habit of growth, and are able to supply these in large quantities. Where large or small estates are to be beautified or grounds laid out, such as parks, play-grounds, institutional and club grounds, cemeteries, and churches, we have our landscape architect consult with the owners as to an appropriate arrangement of lawns, walks, driveways, driveways, walks, lawns, gardens, trees and shrub plantings. This service is given our patrons without charge.

Send us rough sketch of your property today and we will do the rest.

Hardy Nursery and Seed Co.
80th and Wornall Road
Kansas City, Missouri
HARDY ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS

Nature is Always Bounteous in her gifts to man and has been unstinted in giving us a great variety of shrubs and flowers; dark green leaves, and in May the plant is a blaze of color.

DEUTZIA gracilis.

DWARF DEUTZIA.—White flowers cover the entire plant. For edge of shrubbery.

D. scabra, var. Pride of Rochester. Tall; flowers tinted with pink.

FORSYTHIA viridisima.

GOLDEN-TWIGGED GOLDEN BELL Deep yellow flowers; dark green leaves remaining on branches later than other varieties.

F. fortunei. FORTUNE'S GOLDEN BELL.—Bright yellow.

F. suspensa. WEEPING GOLDEN BELL.—Golden-yellow; branches prostrate. Especially good for slopes.

HIBISCUS syriacus Alther a. ROSE OF SHARON.—One of the best known of the tall "old-fashioned" shrubs. Particularly valuable for its handsome flowers in hot mid-Summer.

HYDRANGEA arborescens grandiflora.

BANKS OF SNOW.—Valuable for shady places; great clusters of white flowers in mid-Summer. Strong plants, $1.00 each.

H. paniculata grandiflora.

FALL HYDRANGEA.—Large heads of white double flowers in late Summer; turning to brilliant red in Late Fall. Strong plants, $1.00 each.

LONICERA fragrantissima.

FRAGRANT BUSH HONEYSUCKLE. —Tall, open grower; fragrant white flowers, dark foliage till late in Fall.

L. Morrowii. MORROW'S BUSH HONEYSUCKLE. Medium height, drooping branches; white flowers and red fruit remaining all Fall.

PHILO AFFIXUS coronarius.

FRAGRANT MOCK ORANGE.—Tall, graceful shrub; profusion of white flowers in June.

RHODOTYPUS kerrioides.

WHITE KERRIA. —Medium height for border; single white flowers; shiny black berries through the Winter.

Rhus.—R. glabra. SMOOTH SUMAC.—Dwarf; open head. Brilliant crimson fruit and Fall foliage. Mass or border.

R. glabra, var. laciniata. CUT-LEAVED SUMAC.—Low, deeply cut leaves, rich red in Autumn. Mass or border.


R. cotinus. SMOKE BUSH.—Old-fashioned shrub; tall, spreading; purplish feathery flowers in July.
ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS
Continued.

SAMBUCUS Canadensis.

ELDERBERRY.—Quick growing; white flowers in flat panicles in mid-Summer followed by black fruit.

S. nigra, var. aurea.

GOLDEN ELDER.—Upright, with golden foliage. All will thrive in moist places.

SPIRE'A Bumaldi, var. Anthony Waterer.

A very fine grower; rose-pink flowers in Summer; for garden or borders.

S. Billardii.

Spikes of pink flowers.

S. Opulifolia.

Tall growing, white flowers.

S. Reevesiana.

A tall grower, Single white flowers in Spring. Similar to Van Houttei.

S. thunbergii.

Medium shrub; spreading branches; light green foliage; pure white flowers in early Spring.

SPIRE'A Van Houttei.

BRIDAL ROSE.—Medium height; of merit for lawn specimen or massing, and one of few in May.

SYRINGA vulgaris, var. alba.

WHITE LILAC.—Similar to type. White flowers and is a taller grower.

S. vulgaris.

WEIGELA. COMMON LILAC.—An old-fashioned favorite of well-proven worth.

SYMPHORICARPUS racemosus.

SNOWBERRY.—Low, shade-loving plant; rose-white flowers in Summer; large white berries in Winter.

S. vulgari5s.

CORAL BERRY.—Dwarf shrub thriving in shade; coral-red berries persistent until late Winter.

TAMARIX. Africana.

Red, delicate flowering shrub.

VIBURNUM. Sterilis.

THE SNOWBALL.—(Common Snowball.) Flowers white, borne in clusters.

WEIGELA alba.

On opening the flowers are clear white, but change to delicate pink.

W. rosea.

Large rose-colored flowers, borne freely in early Spring.

HEDGE PLANTS

LIGUSTRUM amurensis (North).

(Anonymous River Privet).—A distinct type which has been found hardy in the North. Foliage and habit of growth almost identical with the variety grown in the South. Flowers white, fruit black.

Each Per 10 Per 100
18 to 24 in.....$3.00 $30.00 $20.00
2 to 3 ft. ..... 3.50 37.50

L. ovalifolium.

(Albarus Privet).—A vigorous, hardy variety, of fine habit, and foliage nearly evergreen. Makes a desirable ornamental shrub as well as hedge.

Each Per 10 Per 100
18 to 24 in......$1.35 $13.50
2 to 3 ft. ..... 1.60 15.00

SUPERB HARDY ROSES

Prices: 2-yr. Field Grown Bushes, 75c each; $6.50 per 10.

There is always a place for more roses around your home grounds.

RAMBLER ROSES

Crimson Rambler.—Best all-around hardy garden rose, on account of its brilliant color, profusion of bloom and length of time the flowers last. Used as a climber, or can be grown in large bush form. Blooms in large clusters of 50 to 100 flowers in a cluster, covering the entire length with a solid shapely miniature crimson blooms. Blooms last of June and remains in flower longer than any other hardy outdoor rose.

Dorothy Perkins.—Splendid, new soft pink climbing rose. Of the same strong habit of growth as the Crimson Rambler, and the flowers are borne in clusters of thirty and forty. The flowers are large. Very double and sweetly scented.

Climbing American Beauty.—Same color, size and fragrance as American Beauty, with the addition of the climbing habit. Good foliage and better blooming qualities.

TEA ROSES

We especially recommend these roses for flowers during the summer and fall months and have selected only those that are best in their color and with the most desirable qualities.

Gruss an Teplitz.—Unquestionably the finest, best, red, hardy ever-blooming rose. The flowers are very showy and handsome. It blooms constantly and continues covered with flowers the whole season.

Paul Neyron.—Deep rose color, good foliage; by far the largest variety in cultivation; one of the best.

Mrs. John Laing.—Deep rose; large, fine form, fragrant, vigorous grower and hardy. One of the most profuse bloomers.

HYBRID PERPETUALS

These are hybrids or crosses between June and month roses, partaking of the hardness of one parent and the perpetual blooming habit of the other. They are by far the most popular family of roses.


FRAU Karl Druschki (White American Beauty).—A new hardy rose and a grand variety. The flowers are large and full; buds long, color a pure white. Very vigorous grower and produces flowers throughout the season.

General Jacqueminot.—This might be called the rose for the million, for it is still a universal favorite. Bright crimson-scarlet; exceedingly rich and velvety.

K. A. Victoria.

Kaiserine Augustus Victoria.—One of the best white roses, either for bedding or for cut flowers. A tinge of lemon in the center adds to its beauty.

Kilmer.—A strong, robust grower and a free, continuous bloomer. The color is brilliant sparkling pink; the flowers are extra large and full, with broad, thick petals and delightful fragrance.

Mrs. Aaron Ward (New).—This beautiful rose changes in color as the flower expands; the opening bud is a deep coppery orange, changing when partly developed to golden orange in the center, while the edges of the petals are creamy white. When fully open it is a exquisite shade of pinkish fawn. Very free flowering.

Radiance.—A brilliant, rosy-carmine, displaying rich, rich and opaline pink tints in the open flower. It blooms constantly and is delightfully fragrant. This is a superior Rose.
VINES—CLIMBING AND TRAILING

Prices: 50c each for good strong vines except where noted.

AMPELOPSIS quinquefolia. VIRGINIA Creeper.—Rapid growing for fences, rocky slopes and banks; fall foliage rich crimson.

A. tricuspidata. (Veitchii.) BOSTON IVY.—Strong, clinging vine of rapid growth; good fall color. Best for walls.

B. radicans.

TRUMPET VINE.—Strong climber with orange flowers in mid-Summer.

CELASTRUS scandens. BITTER-SWEET.—Rapid-growing; orange-yellow fruit. Its rank growth makes it useful on rough banks in billowy masses.

CLEMATIS.

JACKMANI.—A very profuse-blooming variety with flowers from four to six inches in diameter, or an intense violet-purple color, borne in continuous masses on the summer shoots. The very best sort for general planting. Strong plants

C. paniculata. BRIDAL BOWER.—Rapid grower, handsome foliage, absolutely roved with white fragrant flowers in late Summer.

LONICERA.—L. japonica, var. Halleana. Dark, glossy green foliage; fragrant flowers from July till Fall. One of the best as fragrant thick screen on lattice or porch.

VITIS aestivalis. SUMMER GRAPE.—Fruit small and black. Field-grown.

WISTERIA chinensis.

CHINESE WISTERIA.—Hardy climber with families of large violet-blue flowers. Trellis, porch and arbor work.

PICEA excelsa. NORWAY SPRUCE.—Best Spruce for hedges. Dark green; rapid growth; adapted to clipping. $2.00

12 to 15 in. $2.50

2 to 3 ft. $3.50

3 to 4 ft. $4.00

P. pungens. COLORADO SPRUCE.—Symmetrical; very hardy; foliage light green. For specimen or windbreak. $3.00

18 to 24 in. $3.50

2 to 3 ft. $4.00

P. pungens, var. glauca. COLORADO BLUE SPRUCE.—Familiar silvery-blue tree; provides distinct color note. Use as specimen. $5.00

3 to 3½ ft. $3.50

P. pungens, var Kosteri. KOSTER’S BLUE SPRUCE.—Like variety glauca, but more distinct in rich color of silvery-green. $7.50

3 to 3½ ft. $5.00

PINUS montana, var. Mughus. DWARF MOUNTAIN PINE.—Dwarf; slow, compact and neat in habit; very hardy. $9.00

12 inches. $12.00

P. nigra austriaca. AUSTRIAN PINE.—One of the best for border or mass planting, or as shelter or screen. Its glossy, dark green needles and rugged branches will stand the storm of cities. $15.00

2 to 2½ ft. $12.50

THUJA occidentalis. AMERICAN ARBORVITAE.—Columnar; close; admits severe clipping. Splendid hedge plant. Of merit for formal use. $12.50

18 to 24 in. $15.00

2 to 3 ft. $20.00

T. occidentalis, var. globosa. SPHERICAL ARBORVITAE.—Dwarf, close, compact, gray green. For accent in formal use. $17.50

10 to 12 in. $20.00

T. occidentalis, var. pyramidalis. PYRAMIDAL AMERICAN ARBORVITAE.—Its tall slender habit makes it splendid for formal use; a dense dark green; columnar form. $20.00

12 to 18 in. $25.00

T. orientalis. CHINESE ARBORVITAE.—Pyramidal tree. Pretty green foliage. $25.00

12 to 18 in. $30.00

2 to 3 ft. $40.00

3 to 4 ft. $60.00

HARDY EVERGREENS

In the plantings around these two fine homes, Evergreens are used almost entirely. Plant Evergreens for an All-Year Effect.

Evergreens are valuable in the landscape planting giving an all year effect. Hardy Evergreens are bushy, well formed trees. We dig them with ball of earth so as not to disturb roots in shipping to you.

JUNIPERUS communis, var. hibernica.

IRISH JUNIPER.—Slender, columnar form; glaucous green foliage. For formal effects, especially in the garden. 2 to 3 ft. $1.50

2 to 4 ft. $2.00

J. excelsa, var. stricta.

GREEK JUNIPER.—Close-growing, pyramidal form with gray-green foliage. Excellent in the formal garden. 1½ to 1½ ft. $1.00

2 to 3 ft. $1.50

J. virginiana, var. glauca.

BLUE CEDAR.—A bluish gray. For garden or border. Tall and slender. 2 to 3 ft. $1.50

3 to 4 ft. $2.00

J. virginiana, var. pendula.

WEEPING RED CEDAR.—Slender pendulous branches. Attractive in evergreen or mixed borders. Spread 2 to 3 ft. $3.00

3 to 4 ft. $4.00

PINUS strobus. WHITE PINE.—Tall and straight with glaucous foliage. Group on lawn or high border with flowering trees. Use for close screen. $10.00

18 to 24 in. $12.50

2 to 3 ft. $15.00

3 to 4 ft. $20.00

P. sylvestris.

SCOTCH PINE.—Showy reddish bark; silvery green needles. Quick growing screen tree. $15.00

18 to 24 in. $17.50

2 to 3 ft. $22.50

3 to 4 ft. $30.00

The Wistaria Is in Bloom on the Porch.
FRAXinus americana.  
WHITE ASH.—One of the handsomest of our large broad-headed trees suitable for street and avenue or park planting. In autumn the coloring of the foliage is unusually beautiful. 8 to 10 ft.; 1 to 1 1/2 in. Each $2.00

LIRIODENDRON Tulipifera.  
TULIP TREE.—Large, rapid, spreading tree; fragrant yellow flowers. 8 to 10 ft. Each $1.50

MORUS rubra.  
RED RUSSIAN MULBERRY.  
5 to 8 ft. Each $.75

PLATANUS trast aga.  
Occidentals.—(American Sycamore.)  
Very picturesque tree. 8 to 10 ft. $2.00

POPULUS nigra Italic a.  
Lombardy Poplar.—Tall, rapid growing. Useful to break horizontal monotony, or to group for screen objections, etc. 8 to 10 ft. $1.00

POPULUS.  
Deltoides. (Carolina Poplar.)  
Desirable where quick shade is wanted. 6 to 8 ft. $.60  
8 to 10 ft. $.80

BOLLEANA. —Pyramid al tree.  
Leaves glossy green above, silvery beneath. 5 to 6 ft. $.75

PRUNUS.  
Pissardii.—Purple leaves and white blossoms. 5 to 6 ft. $1.00

QUERCUS palustris.  
PIN oAK.—Graceful, spreading. Pyramidal habit; deeply cut leaves held late into Winter. Lawn or street. 8 to 10 ft.; 1 1/2 to 1 1/2 in. Each $2.50

ROBINIA.  
PSEUDACACIA. (Black Locust.)—White flowers. 4 to 5 ft. $1.50

ULMUS americana.  
AMERICAN ELM.—V a s e - s h a p e d head. Peculiarly appropriate for street or lawn planting, giving vaulted cathedral effect. 8 to 10 ft. $1.75  
8 to 10 ft. 1 1/2 in. 1.50

WEEPING TREES.  
B. alba, var. laciniata pendula.  
CUT-LEAVED WEEPING WHITE BIRCH.—Effective in groups for foliage, form and bark. 8 to 10 ft. $2.00

M. alba. var. pendula.  
TEA'S WEEPING MULBERRY.  
5 ft. stems, 2 yr. heads. Each $2.50

S. babylonica.  
WEEPING WILLOW.—Too familiar to need description. Appropriate for waterside planting. 8 to 10 ft. Each $2.50

FRUIT TREES, SMALL FRUITS AND SEEDS OF QUALITY

FRAXinus americana.  
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HARDY TREES, SHRUBS, PLANTS AND SEEDS

are the best money can buy.  
No time or expense is spared in giving you a character of stock that is above the average in every respect.

HARDY FOREST TREE SEEDLINGS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Kind</th>
<th>Size</th>
<th>100</th>
<th>500</th>
<th>1,000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Black Locust</td>
<td>12-18</td>
<td>$1.75</td>
<td>$5.75</td>
<td>$9.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black Locust</td>
<td>18-24</td>
<td>2.00</td>
<td>7.00</td>
<td>11.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Russian Mulberry</td>
<td>18-24</td>
<td>2.00</td>
<td>7.00</td>
<td>11.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Catalpa Speciosa</td>
<td>12-15</td>
<td>1.75</td>
<td>5.75</td>
<td>9.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Catalpa Speciosa</td>
<td>18-24</td>
<td>2.00</td>
<td>7.00</td>
<td>11.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Osage Orange</td>
<td>12-18</td>
<td>1.50</td>
<td>5.00</td>
<td>8.50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Osage Orange</td>
<td>18-24</td>
<td>2.00</td>
<td>7.00</td>
<td>11.50</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

What would this place look like without the Trees and Shrubs?  
American Elm in Center of Photo.
# HARDY SEEDS

High quality and germination is given first consideration with our seeds. We list only standard varieties that we have found profitable. We believe that the best money can buy and our 5¢ packets are not lean skimpy packages, but are well filled. On all packet seeds we sell packets for 10c, 25c, 50c and 65c packets for $1.00, delivered postpaid. Please order early.

## ASPARAGUS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pkt. Oz.</th>
<th>¼ Lb.</th>
<th>Lb.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bountiful</td>
<td>Bush, green pod, very early, 5c</td>
<td>50c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Early</td>
<td>Hard, 5c</td>
<td>5c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Improved</td>
<td>Dense, firm, 5c</td>
<td>5c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>King</td>
<td>Improved</td>
<td>5c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kentucky Wonder</td>
<td>- Best pole variety, 5c</td>
<td>5c</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## BEETS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pkt. Oz.</th>
<th>¼ Lb.</th>
<th>Lb.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Eclipse</td>
<td>Early, round, blood red, 5c</td>
<td>10c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Egyptian</td>
<td>Grows very quickly, 5c</td>
<td>10c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Early Blood Turnip</td>
<td>Standby, 5c</td>
<td>10c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edmunds</td>
<td>High bred, early, 5c</td>
<td>10c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Long</td>
<td>Large, excellent, 5c</td>
<td>10c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Long Red Mangold</td>
<td>For deep soil, 5c</td>
<td>10c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Swiss Chard</td>
<td>Or Spinach Best, 5c</td>
<td>20c</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## CABBAGE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pkt. Oz.</th>
<th>¼ Lb.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Jersey Wakefield</td>
<td>Very best early cabbage, 5c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Winningstad</td>
<td>Popular variety, second early, 5c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Early Summer</td>
<td>Second early, good for close plant, 5c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mid Late</td>
<td>Very good for late, 5c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Late Flat Dutch</td>
<td>Well-known flat head sort, 5c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All</td>
<td>Heads nicely compacted, 5c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Red Dutch</td>
<td>Hardest red cabbage, 5c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drumhead Savoy</td>
<td>Largest heading Savoy, 5c</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## CAULIFLOWER

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pkt. Oz.</th>
<th>¼ Lb.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Early Snowball</td>
<td>Best for home or market, 5c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Early Erupt</td>
<td>Good standard sort, 5c</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## CARROTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pkt. Oz.</th>
<th>¼ Lb.</th>
<th>Lb.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Scarlet Short Horn</td>
<td>An old standard, 5c</td>
<td>10c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Danvers Half Long</td>
<td>Sweet, tender, 5c</td>
<td>10c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Danvers Half Short</td>
<td>Sweet, tender, 5c</td>
<td>10c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Long Orange</td>
<td>Best for stock feeding, 5c</td>
<td>10c</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## CELERY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pkt. Oz.</th>
<th>¼ Lb.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Golden Heart</td>
<td>Best Dwarf, 5c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Golden Stalk</td>
<td>Stem is tender, 5c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Plume</td>
<td>Earliest variety, 5c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turnip Rooted Celeria</td>
<td>Or Celerie, 5c</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## CUCUMBERS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pkt. Oz.</th>
<th>¼ Lb.</th>
<th>Lb.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Improved White Spline</td>
<td>Leading sort, heavy cropper, 5c</td>
<td>15c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chicago Pickling</td>
<td>Excellent for pickles, 5c</td>
<td>15c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Early Frame</td>
<td>Earliest fruiting, 5c</td>
<td>15c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Improved Long Green</td>
<td>- 10 to 12 inch, 5c</td>
<td>15c</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## LETTUCE

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pkt. Oz.</th>
<th>¼ Lb.</th>
<th>Lb.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Black Seeded Simpson</td>
<td>Loose head, 5c</td>
<td>10c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Creole</td>
<td>5c</td>
<td>10c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grand Rapids</td>
<td>Quick grower, 5c</td>
<td>10c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tennis Ball</td>
<td>Early, small heads, 5c</td>
<td>10c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Curled Scotch</td>
<td>Fine, long heads, 5c</td>
<td>10c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prize Head</td>
<td>Large, tender, crisp heads, 5c</td>
<td>10c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silesian</td>
<td>Early soft, fine leaf, 5c</td>
<td>10c</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## OKRA

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pkt. Oz.</th>
<th>¼ Lb.</th>
<th>Lb.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>White Velvet</td>
<td>Tall growth, round, 5c</td>
<td>15c</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## ONIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pkt. Oz.</th>
<th>¼ Lb.</th>
<th>Lb.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Red Wethersfield</td>
<td>Good keeper, 5c</td>
<td>15c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yellow Globe Danvers</td>
<td>Early, large, 5c</td>
<td>15c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silver Skin</td>
<td>Flat, very early, 5c</td>
<td>15c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>White Globe</td>
<td>Very desirable variety, 5c</td>
<td>15c</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## PARSLEY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pkt. Oz.</th>
<th>¼ Lb.</th>
<th>Lb.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Double Curled</td>
<td>Compact, very early, 5c</td>
<td>15c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hamburg</td>
<td>Plain, 5c</td>
<td>15c</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## SWEET CORN

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pkt. Lb.</th>
<th>10 Lbs.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Country Gentleman</td>
<td>Finest quality, 5c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Golden Bantam</td>
<td>Yellow, sweet, juicy, 5c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stowell's Evergreen</td>
<td>Main cropper, keeps well, 5c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Early Mammoth White Corn</td>
<td>Large, early, 5c</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## EGG PLANT

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pkt. Oz.</th>
<th>¼ Lb.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>New York Improved Purple</td>
<td>Large, rich, fine, 5c</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## MUSKMELONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pkt. Oz.</th>
<th>¼ Lb.</th>
<th>Lb.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rocky Ford</td>
<td>Best, earliest, 5c</td>
<td>10c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Extra Early Hackensack</td>
<td>Rich, 5c</td>
<td>15c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Early Green</td>
<td>Orange, 5c</td>
<td>30c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Orange</td>
<td>Fine flavored, 5c</td>
<td>30c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Honey Dew Melon</td>
<td>Unusually juicy, 5c</td>
<td>30c</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## WATERMELONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pkt. Oz.</th>
<th>¼ Lb.</th>
<th>Lb.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tom Watson</td>
<td>Best, sweet, 5c</td>
<td>10c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Early Sweet</td>
<td>Fine, 5c</td>
<td>10c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cole's Early</td>
<td>- Flesh crisp, juicy, 5c</td>
<td>10c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sweetheart</td>
<td>- Large, early, 5c</td>
<td>10c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phinneus's Early</td>
<td>- Sure fruit, 5c</td>
<td>10c</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## PUMPKINS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pkt. Oz.</th>
<th>¼ Lb.</th>
<th>Lb.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Small Sugar</td>
<td>Early, prolific, for pies, 5c</td>
<td>10c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conncticut Field</td>
<td>Stock feeder, 5c</td>
<td>10c</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## SQUASH

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pkt. Oz.</th>
<th>¼ Lb.</th>
<th>Lb.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Warted Hubbard</td>
<td>Large, prolific, 5c</td>
<td>10c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buttercup</td>
<td>Small, 5c</td>
<td>10c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Summer Crookneck</td>
<td>Fine flavored, 5c</td>
<td>10c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yellow Bush Scallop</td>
<td>Large, rich, 5c</td>
<td>10c</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## PARSNIP

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pkt. Oz.</th>
<th>¼ Lb.</th>
<th>Lb.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hollow Corn</td>
<td>Best for home garden, 5c</td>
<td>10c</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## PEAS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pkt. Lb.</th>
<th>10 lbs.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>American Wonder</td>
<td>Fine, early, wrinkled, 5c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>French</td>
<td>- Early, 5c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Little Gem</td>
<td>Early, prolific and good flavor, 5c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telephone</td>
<td>- Medium late variety, good bearer, 5c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Champion of England</td>
<td>- Climbing variety, 5c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Black-eyed</td>
<td>- Dwarf, productive, 5c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nott's Excelsior</td>
<td>- Early long pod, 5c</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## TURNIP

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pkt. Oz.</th>
<th>¼ Lb.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ruby King</td>
<td>Very large, popular variety, 5c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cayenne</td>
<td>- Coral red, very hot, strong, 5c</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## YEAST

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Oz.</th>
<th>Lb.</th>
<th>Pkt.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td>2c</td>
<td>5c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$1.25</td>
<td>4c</td>
<td>10c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$1.50</td>
<td>5c</td>
<td>5c</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>$1.75</td>
<td>7c</td>
<td>5c</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

## FLOWER SEEDS

All Flower Seeds 5c per packet, sent postpaid.

### Agrostemma Gith.hm.
- Cosmas Mixed
- Petunia
- Cosmos Mixed
- Picotee
- Alyssum
- Pansy
- Althaea
- Phlox
- Amaranthus Mixed
- Scarlet Wax
- Antirrhinum
- Forget-me-not
- Carnations
- Darwin
- Canterbury Bells
- Portulaca
- Canterbury Bells
- Primrose
- Bachelor Button
- Rose
- Baloon Violets
- Stocks
- Balsam Mixed
- Leotis
- Canna
- Snap Dragon
- Balsam Vine
- Marigold
- Canna
- Marigold
- Canterbury Bells
- Canna
- Sanguineum
- Scarlet Wax
- Chrysanthemum
- Snowflakes
- Candytuft
- Sweet Williams
- Coreopsis
- Nasturtium
- Cockcomb Mixed
- Nasturtium
- Cockcomb Mixed

The following five varieties we carry in large well filled 10c packages. One each of the following five varieties sent postpaid for 50 cents:
- No. 1. Large, hardy, white Dwarf Cockcomb.
- No. 2. Large Double Hollyhock.
- No. 3. Double Mixed Dianthus.
- No. 4. Dwarf Nasturtium.
- No. 5. Foxglove.

# HARVEST NURSERY & SEED CO., Kansas City, Mo.
EVERBEARING STRAWBERRIES

Should be planted in every home garden. There is no small fruit so delicious and easy to grow as straw-
berries. The everbearing varieties we offer will give you fruit from summer until frost. For a family of two
or three, 100 to 200 plants will amply supply your table.

We offer you Progressive and Superb Everbearers.
the two best. In ordering please specify which kind
you want.

SPECIAL OFFER

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Plants</th>
<th>Price</th>
<th>Postpaid</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>100</td>
<td>$1.75</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>250</td>
<td>$2.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>500</td>
<td>$4.00</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ORDER NOW AND ENJOY GOOD FRESH FRUIT FROM 
YOUR OWN GARDEN UNTIL FROST

Raise your own Strawberries—Drought has killed out
most fields and prices will be high this year.

PLANT EVERBEARING STRAWBERRIES IN YOUR
HOME GARDEN

FOR A BEAUTIFUL LAWN

A well kept lawn is a great asset to your property and affords
a place where you will want to spend a great deal of time during
the summer months. Our lawn grass mixtures are superb mixtures
of the best seed.

Croquet Brand.—A fine all purpose mixture. 1 lb. carton, 40c post-
paid; 2 lb. sack, 75c postpaid; 5 lb. sack, $1.85 postpaid.

Tennis Brand.—This is a special mixture to be planted where
the lawn is given rough use. It makes a very tough turf. 1 lb.
carton, 45c postpaid; 2 lb. sack, 85c postpaid; 5 lb. sack, $2.90 postpaid.

TO MAKE YOUR HOME GARDEN COMPLETE

ASPARAGUS ROOTS

...If you have to buy Asparagus you pay fancy prices and
usually get it after it has been cut a long time and is tough.
Asparagus is most tender when cut fresh and there is none
so good as that from your own garden. Start an Asparagus
bed this year. You will thank us for the suggestion when
you eat the first cutting.

Asparagus Roots should be planted in a well-prepared
bed, the roots covered about 5 or 6 inches and the soil made
very rich with fertilizer each season. We recommend only
one standard variety of large size. Prices as follows:

Conover's Colossal.—25, $1.00; 100, $2.00; 1,000, $12.50.

RHUBARB ROOTS

You should have a row of Rhubarb or Pie Plant in your garden. Ten
or 20 plants are enough for any family, and if the roots are well fed and
continuously pruned or reset, they will yield for 20 years. Easy to plant;
cultivating consists merely in keeping the weeds down and preserving
the mulch until the leaves cover the ground. The soil should be rich and
deep and for an early start it should be warm. Prepare the bed or hill
for each plant to a depth of two feet if possible, working in much compost
or well rotted manure. There is just one kind of Rhubarb to plant—that
is the giant kind. It's a strong, vigorous grower.

Two-year whole roots. Prices as follows: Each, 15c; 25, $1.00; 100,
$5.50; 1,000, $40.00.

HORSERADISH ROOTS

There are very few people that don't need, at some time or other during
the year, Horseradish for seasoning. You can usually buy it at 'the
stores but so adulterated as to be almost worthless. Horseradish can be
grown almost anywhere successfully, but gives best results in rich, rather
moist, partly shaded locations.

Prices: Whole roots—Each, 15c; 25, $1.75; 100, $5.00; 1,000, $35.00.

COLLECTION OF GARDEN ROOTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Price</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>25 Asparagus roots</td>
<td>$1.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25 Horseradish roots</td>
<td>1.75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25 Rhubarb roots</td>
<td>2.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Value .................................. $4.75

SPECIAL PRICE ...................... $4.00
Country Club Rose Collection

1. K. A. Victoria
2. Sunburst
3. Killarney Pink
4. Climbing Gruss An Teplitz
5. Radiance Red
6. F. K. Drushti
7. Etoile de France

SPECIAL PRICE $4.50

Each of the above seven roses, all strong well rooted, two year old bushes. Value $5.25 Delivered Anywhere
Here's the Best Collection of Seeds Ever Offered, For . . . . . . . . . . $1.00

Big Family Garden Collection

Here is enough seed for the average Home Garden. An assortment of the Very Best Varieties of Our High Grade Seed. This Special Offer can’t be beat anywhere.

2 Pkt. Bountiful Green Pod Bean ........................................ 10c
2 Pkt. Henderson’s Lima Bean ........................................ 10c
2 Pkt. Kentucky Wonder Pole Bean .................................... 10c
1 Pkt. Eclipse Beets .......................................................... 5c
1 Pkt. Early Jersey Wakefield Cabbage ................................ 5c
1 Pkt. Late Flat Dutch Cabbage .......................................... 5c
1 Pkt. Danvers Half Long Carrots ...................................... 5c
1 Pkt. Improved White Spine Cucumber ............................... 5c
2 Pkt. Golden Bantam Sweet Corn ..................................... 10c
2 Pkt. Stowell’s Evergreen Corn ......................................... 10c
1 Pkt. Grand Rapids Lettuce ............................................. 5c
1 Pkt. Prize Head Lettuce .................................................. 5c
1 Pkt. Rocky Ford Musk melons ........................................ 5c
1 Pkt. Kleckley’s Sweet Watermelon ................................... 5c
1 Pkt. Yellow Globe Danvers Onions .................................. 5c
2 Pkt. First and Best Peas .................................................. 10c
2 Pkt. Champion of England Peas ...................................... 10c
1 Pkt. Ruby King Pepper ................................................... 5c
1 Pkt. French Breakfast Radish ......................................... 5c
1 Pkt. Icicle Radish .......................................................... 5c
1 Pkt. Earhena Tomato ..................................................... 5c
1 Pkt. White Flat Dutch Turnip .......................................... 5c
1 Pkt. Honey Dew Melon ................................................... 10c
1 Pkt. Greater Baltimore Tomato ....................................... 10c
Hardy 32 Page Planting Guide .......................................... $0.40

Value At Catalog Prices .................................................. $2.15

Special---$1.00 Postpaid

Send us $1.00 for this Collection and Raise Your Own Vegetables this Year, and Deposit the Savings in your Savings Bank.

This Collection is Made Up of Large, Well-Filled Packages of Fresh, New Crop Seeds
“HARDY'S BEAUTY”
Flower Seed Collection

A large, well filled 10c package of each flower pictured here—All are especially adapted to grow in this section. Sent to you postpaid.

35c

No. 1—Large Dwarf Cockseomb.
No. 2—Large Double Hollyhock.
No. 3—Double Mixed Dahlia.
No. 4—Dwarf Nasturtium—Large Flowering.
No. 5—Foxglove.